High Cost Special Education Aid Program Guidance

April 28, 2015

The High Cost Special Education Aid program is a financial resource for Wisconsin school districts, independent (2r) charter schools, CESAs, or CCDEBs serving students with disabilities whose needs are particularly costly. DPI combines an annual state appropriation with federal IDEA discretionary funds to reimburse costs incurred in the prior year. An LEA is eligible for aid when a student with disabilities has actual, additional, non-administrative costs of special education in excess of \$30,000, after certain reimbursements are excluded. (A worksheet is available on page 12 or in an Excel version at http://sfs.dpi.wi.gov/highcost-sped).

Actual, Additional Costs

The eligibility of a cost for High Cost Special Education Aid is based upon it being an *actual*, *additional cost* associated with serving a particular student. Just as the overall fiscal management of special education is based upon *excess cost* (a cost that would not exist but for the need to provide FAPE to students with disabilities) a similar concept defines actual, additional cost:

An actual, additional cost of special education, eligible for High Cost Special Education Aid, is a cost that would not exist but for the need to provide FAPE to one particular student with disabilities, above and beyond the costs of providing FAPE for all the other students with disabilities served by the LEA.

Some questions that can help distinguish what is or is not an actual, additional cost associated with a particular student are:

- Was a position increased or created to serve the student?
- Did the LEA have to create a program specific to the student's disability when they enrolled?
- Does the IEP specify equipment or services the LEA would not otherwise have available?
- If the student left the LEA, would the cost go away?

The more definitely these can be answered "yes" for a particular cost, the more likely it is eligible for High Cost Special Education Aid.

\$10,000 Base Toward Eligibility

For most students, DPI adds a \$10,000 'base cost' credited toward the \$30,000 statutory student cost threshold. This amount is meant to stand in for the typical excess costs of a special education program, including services shared by many or all of the LEA's students with disabilities. Because these costs vary substantially from district to district and school to school, depending as much upon staffing and enrollment patterns as the needs of particular students, DPI determined it would be more appropriate to establish a flat amount supporting student eligibility for most LEAs. This amount is a credit toward the \$30,000 threshold, not a cost that is itself eligible for or reimbursed by High Cost Special Education Aid.

Special Education Instructional and Related Services Represented by the \$10,000 Base

Teachers and aides, when assigned to provide cross-categorical type services, are represented by the \$10,000 base and are not eligible. Additionally, the following costs and services are represented by the base and are not eligible for High Cost Special Education Aid, even if a certain combination of costs prorated for a particular student exceeds \$10,000:

Assessment/Evaluation Audiology Occupational Therapy Physical Therapy Professional Development Psychology School Counseling/Guidance School Nursing Shared Materials/Supplies Social Work Speech & Language Therapy Substitute Teachers Transition Coordinators

Administrative costs are ineligible by law.

Exceptions to the \$10,000 Base

When a student is enrolled in a school operated by a private entity, CESA, or CCDEB, or a public LEA in another state, or in a Wisconsin public, special education-focused school, no base amount will be applied. Instead, the actual, non-administrative costs of their special education instructional and related services—including those listed above under "Special Education Instructional and Related Services Represented by the \$10,000 Base"—may be included.

A student enrolled in a non-resident school district under the Open Enrollment program or a tuition waiver, or a student enrolled out of their resident district under a tuition agreement based on the Open Enrollment method, will have the basic (Fund 10) Open Enrollment transfer amount applied as the base.

¹ For this purpose, the Norris Adolescent Center, Fairview South (Elmbrook School District), and the School for Early Development and Achievement (independent [2r] charter) are public, special education-focused schools. Alternative schools serving a variety of "at-risk" students are not.

Costs Reimbursable Through High Cost Special Education Aid

A number of costs are eligible for reimbursement through High Cost Special Education Aid. When adding a cost in the claim software, it must be placed into one of three categories based upon its funding source or eligibility:

- Aidable: The cost was funded with local dollars and is eligible for state categorical Special Education and School-Age Parents (SPED/SAP) Aid, either directly to the LEA or via an aid transit. Such costs are coded with WUFAR project 011, or with project 019 and object 382 (district), 383 (CCDEB), or 386 (CESA).² Only the portion of a cost above the SPED/SAP Aid reimbursement rate is eligible for High Cost Special Education Aid.³
- Non-Aidable: The cost was funded with local dollars but is not eligible for SPED/SAP Aid, either
 directly to the LEA or as an aid transit. Such costs are coded with WUFAR project 019 and the full
 amount is eligible for reimbursement.³
- **Grant-Funded:** The cost was funded with IDEA or other federal or state⁴ grant funds. It is not eligible for reimbursement, but the amount counts toward the \$30,000 eligibility threshold.

The funding category drives how a cost is factored into the eligibility and aid payment calculations.

Eligible Costs

The following costs may be claimed without submitting additional documentation (however, the LEA should be prepared to provide documentation upon request). These costs are eligible so long as they are tied to the needs of one particular student and required by their IEP:

Cost	Requirements
Aide – Instructional Salary and benefits of a licensed special education aide (O070 or other	
(Paraprofessional)	license) providing instructional support to one student are eligible, for the time
	that support is provided. An instructional aide must perform duties consistent
	with that role, under the supervision of an appropriately licensed special
	education teacher, without assuming the role of a teacher. Eligibility is based
	upon the assignment, not how it is staffed; more than one individual may fill a
	one-to-one assignment (provided that staff changes are not excessive and
	detrimental to the well-being of the student) but their total time must add to the
	time specified by the IEP. An instructional aide may be privately contracted.
Aide –	Salary and benefits of a licensed special education aide (O070 or other valid DPI
Transportation	license) providing transportation assistance or support to one student are
	eligible, for the time that assistance or support is provided. A transportation aide
	may be privately contracted.

² A cost contracted from an independent (2r) charter school is also aidable, even though it is coded to project 019 with object 310 or 370.

³ A cost that would be aidable but was coded in error by the LEA as non-aidable (project 019) cannot be claimed for High Cost Special Education Aid as "Non-Aidable" for reimbursement in its full amount. A cost that would ordinarily be aidable but the LEA was not in compliance with the eligibility requirements for SPED/SAP Aid (e.g. staff without a valid license, ineligible specialized transportation) cannot be claimed at all.

⁴ State categorical aids, including SPED/SAP Aid and High Cost Special Education Aid, are not grants.

Cost	Requirements			
Attendant Care	Salary and benefits of a licensed special education aide (O070 or other valid DPI			
	license), nursing assistant (DHS CNA license), or nurse (DPI 7075 license; DSPS			
	LPN/RN/APNP license) providing attendant care services to one student are			
	eligible, for the time those services are provided. An attendant care aide			
	provides assistance or cuing for a student's activities of daily living while at			
	school, such as dressing, eating, personal hygiene, routine care of personal			
	assistive devices, toileting, and transferring. They must perform duties consistent with that role, under the supervision of an appropriately licensed health			
	professional, while not assuming the role of a health professional. An attendant			
	care aide may be privately contracted. A school nurse providing attendant care is			
	not eligible unless the LEA can demonstrate that the position was increased			
	when and because the student was enrolled.			
Contracted	Instructional services for one student, or a small group of students, with hearing			
Instruction – Hearing	or visual impairment contracted from a private entity, CESA, CCDEB, school			
or Visual Impairment	district, or independent (2r) charter school are eligible. Staff must be			
	appropriately licensed to provide special education instruction and related			
	services for the disability. A service for multiple students is eligible only if each			
	student is (or would be) eligible for High Cost Special Education Aid. Please see			
	"Costs for Multiple Students," page 8, on allocating a cost for multiple students.			
Educational	Salary and benefits of a licensed educational interpreter (O020 license) prov			
Interpreter	instructional support one-on-one or to a small group of students are eligible. An			
Extended School	educational interpreter may be privately contracted.			
Year	The actual, additional costs of providing Extended School Year (ESY) services to one student are eligible. Costs must be specific to the provision of ESY and may			
Teal	not include a prorated share of non-special education costs (i.e. an IEP specifying			
	attendance in a summer school class does not make the class itself an ESY cos			
	only the additional support services provided under the IEP, if any, are eligible).			
Nursing Services	The actual, additional costs of providing nursing services for one student, above			
· ·	and beyond the LEA's existing health program, are eligible. Health professionals			
	must be appropriately licensed (DPI 7075 license; DSPS LPN/RN/APNP, PA, or			
	MD/DO license). Equipment related to nursing services should be requested as			
	an additional cost. A school nurse providing nursing services is not eligible unless			
	the LEA can demonstrate that the nurse's position was increased because the			
	student was enrolled.			
Orientation and	Salary and benefits of a licensed specialist (O060) providing orientation and			
Mobility Training	mobility training are eligible. An orientation and mobility specialist may be			
Specialized	privately contracted. The costs of providing specialized transportation to one student are eligible.			
Transportation	These may include operational costs for a district-owned vehicle (e.g. driver, fuel)			
ransportation	or the cost of a contract for transportation. A route or service shared by multiple			
	students is eligible only if each student sharing the route or service is (or would			
	be) eligible for High Cost Special Education Aid. Vehicle modification should be			
	requested as an additional cost.			
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Cost	Requirements			
Teacher – Hearing or	Salary and benefits of a teacher assigned one-on-one or to a small group of			
Visual Impairment	students with hearing or visual impairment are eligible. They must be			
	appropriately licensed to provide special education instruction and related			
	services for the disability. Please see "Costs for Multiple Students," page 8, on			
	allocating a cost for multiple students.			
Transition Services	The actual, additional costs associated with providing transition services to one			
	student are eligible. These may include employment skills acquisition, job			
	coaching, work experience, and development of skills for postsecondary			
	education. Transition services may be privately contracted.			
	r High Cost Special Education Aid claims, "tuition" is an amount billed for full-time			
	tudent's resident school district under their IEP. Services provided by other LEAs or			
	ident enrolled in their resident district should be claimed individually.			
Tuition – CESA,	Tuition for one student enrolled under their IEP with a CESA, CCDEB, or an out-			
CCDEB, Out-of-State	of-state public LEA, or in a Wisconsin public, special education-focused school			
or SPED School	(see footnote 1 on page 2) is eligible. Staff must be appropriately licensed to			
	provide special education and related services. Invoices must separate the cost			
	of instruction and support services from administrative and overhead charges,			
	which are not eligible. Charges for all special education instructional and related			
	services, including those listed in the table on page 2, may be included. The full			
	amount will be deemed aidable and subject to the deduction for SPED/SAP Aid, unless the invoice separates aidable and non-aidable costs.			
Tuition – District or	The Fund 27 portion of tuition for one student enrolled under their IEP with			
2r Charter	another Wisconsin school district or an independent (2r) charter school is			
Zi Cilai tei	eligible. Tuition for a student enrolled under the Open Enrollment program or a			
	tuition waiver is not included in this category. Staff must be appropriately			
	licensed to provide special education and related services. Invoices must			
	separate the cost of instruction and support services from administrative and			
	overhead charges, which are not eligible. The full amount will be deemed aidable			
	and subject to the deduction for SPED/SAP Aid, unless the invoice separates			
	aidable and non-aidable costs.			
Tuition – Open	The Fund 27 portion of tuition, covering the actual, additional cost of providing			
Enrollment or	special education and related services, for one student enrolled in a non-resident			
Tuition Waiver	district under the Open Enrollment program or a tuition waiver is eligible, or a			
	student enrolled out of their resident district under a tuition agreement based			
	on the Open Enrollment method. Staff must be appropriately licensed to provide			
	special education and related services. The full amount will be deemed aidable			
	and subject to the deduction for SPED/SAP Aid, unless the invoice separates			
	aidable and non-aidable costs.			
Tuition – Private	Tuition for one student placed under their IEP with a private agency is eligible.			
Agency	Staff must be appropriately licensed to provide special education and related			
	services. Invoices must separate the cost of instruction and support services from			
	administrative and overhead charges, which are not eligible. Charges for all			
	special education instructional and related services, including those listed in			
	table on page 2, may be included.			

Cost	Requirements	
CESA/CCDEB/SPED	For one student enrolled under their IEP with a CESA, CCDEB, or in a Wisconsin	
School Only – Base	public, special education-focused school (see footnote 1 on page 2), the base	
Cost Services	cost toward eligibility is not applied. If the enrolling LEA is submitting the claim	
	for High Cost Special Education Aid then the special education instructional and	
	related service costs listed on page 2 under "Special Education Instructional and	
	Related Services Represented by the \$10,000 Base" may be claimed in this	
	category. (CESAs, CCDEBs, Elmbrook Fairview South, Norris SD, and SEDA only.)	

Additional Costs

There are additional costs an LEA may request for a particular student. These must be supported by appropriate documentation such as an IEP, purchase order, or position description. The LEA may be required to provide further explanation or documentation before a cost is approved. An approved additional cost request is specific to the cost, student, and LEA. Again, **costs must be tied to the needs of one particular student and required by their IEP**.

Cost	Requirements		
Construction or	A construction or renovation project specific to the needs of one student may be		
Renovation	eligible. The project must directly relate to individual needs described in the IEP,		
	and it must be specific enough to the student's needs that it will provide no more		
	than an incidental benefit to other students. Projects related to general		
	accessibility standards under ADA/§504 are not eligible, even if prompted by one		
	particular student.		
Contracted	Instructional services for one student, or a small group of students, with a		
Instruction - Other	disability (other than hearing or visual impairment) contracted from a private		
than Hearing or entity, CESA, CCDEB, school district, or independent (2r) charter school			
Visual Impairment	eligible. Staff must be appropriately licensed to provide special education		
	instruction and related services for the disability. A service for multiple students		
	is eligible only if each student is (or would be) eligible for High Cost Special		
	Education Aid. Please see "Costs for Multiple Students," page 8, on allocating a		
	cost for multiple students.		
Equipment	Equipment specific to the needs of one student as required by their IEP may be		
	eligible. The equipment must be described in the IEP, and it must be specific		
	enough to the student's needs that it will not be used by other students.		
	Equipment related to general accessibility standards under ADA/§504 is not		
	eligible, even if prompted by one particular student.		
Student-Specific	A special purchase of instructional materials or supplies for one student may be		
Materials/Supplies	eligible. The materials or supplies must be specific to the student's disability and		
	needs (e.g. a Braille textbook).		

Cost	Requirements			
Teacher – Other than	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Hearing or	students with the same disability (other than hearing or visual impairment) as			
Visual Impairment	required by their IEPs may be eligible. They must be appropriately licensed to			
	provide special education instruction and related services for the disability. The			
	teacher must be assigned to a position that would be eliminated if the student(s)			
	were not present. A teacher assigned to multiple students is eligible only if each			
	student is (or would be) eligible for High Cost Special Education Aid. Please see			
	"Costs for Multiple Students," page 8, on allocating a cost for multiple students.			
Technology	Technology specific to the needs of one student as required by their IEP may be			
	eligible. For a device provided to many or all students, only the actual, additional			
	costs of software or modifications specific to the individual student are allowed.			
Vehicle Modification	Modification of a vehicle specific to the needs of one student as required by their			
	IEP may be eligible. It must be specific enough to the student's needs that it will			
	provide no more than an incidental benefit to other students. Vehicle			
	modifications related to general accessibility standards under ADA/§504—			
	including wheelchair lifts—are not eligible, even if prompted by one particular			
	student. If a vehicle is to be purchased with a modification for one student, only			
	the cost difference between the modified vehicle and the vehicle without any			
	modification is eligible.			
Vehicle	The purchase or lease of a vehicle for providing specialized transportation to one			
Purchase/Lease in	or a small group of students, in lieu of contracting, may be eligible. The LEA must			
Lieu of Contracting	solicit at least two estimates for contracted transportation. The purchase price or			
	annual leasing cost, plus any operational costs (fuel, maintenance, insurance,			
	etc.) must be less than lowest contract estimate for one school year. If the			
	contract estimate includes a driver, then the LEA's driver's salary and benefits			
	must be considered as an operational cost in the comparison. If shared by a small			
	group of students, the cost is eligible only if each student sharing the route or			
	service provided by the vehicle is (or would be) eligible for High Cost Special			
	Education Aid.			
Other Costs	Other actual, additional costs specific to the needs of one student as required by			
	their IEP may be eligible. Costs will be evaluated in terms of their connection to			
	the student's needs, the ability of other students to access or benefit from the			
	items or services, and how they relate to the LEA's overall special education			
	program.			

Costs for Multiple Students

Costs for multiple students with lower-incidence, higher-need disabilities can fall into a gray area between clearly ineligible costs (e.g. a teacher providing cross-categorical services) and clearly eligible costs (e.g. a one-on-one aide). Generally, shared or prorated costs are not eligible for High Cost Special Education Aid, but a small group of students with a particular disability can require a service that is clearly separate from and in addition to the LEA's overall special education program. There is no definite rule to determine whether this type of cost is or is not eligible. It will have to be considered within the context of the LEA's overall program, each student's specific needs, and the impact of serving a lower-incidence disability.

LEAs are encouraged to contact DPI about costs for multiple students with lower-incidence, higher-need disabilities. To be clear, any approvals for such costs are specific to each cost, student, LEA, and school year; they should not be considered prior approvals by other LEAs in similar circumstances. Such costs need to be allocated individually among those students. Approved methods for allocating such costs have included:

• An equal portion for each student.

Example: Four students with visual impairments are served by a 1.0 FTE orientation and mobility specialist whose salary and benefits total \$80,000. Each student is allocated \$20,000 and 0.25 FTE of that specialist's time toward their high cost eligibility.

Proportionally to the time spent working separately with each student.

Example: A transition specialist is contracted for \$15,000 to work with three students on job and life skills. They work with one student for 90 minutes per week, the second for 60 minutes, and the third for 30 minutes, for a total of 180 minutes per week. That cost is allocated among the three students as:

- 1. \$7,500 (\$15,000 × 90 min/wk ÷ 180 min/wk)
- 2. $$5,000 ($15,000 \times 60 \text{ min/wk} \div 180 \text{ min/wk})$
- 3. $$2,500 ($15,000 \times 30 \text{ min/wk} \div 180 \text{ min/wk})$
- Proportionally by the number of courses supported for each student, when the number of classes in which a student is served, or the number of students served in a given class, varies.

Example: A captioning service is provided for three high school students with hearing impairments. Their captioning needs vary and a given class may be captioned for one, two, or all three of them. In the first semester, 150 hours of staff time at \$20 per hour is spent operating the captioning system. That $$3,000 \cos t (150 \text{ hrs} \times $20/\text{hr})$ is allocated as follows:$

Total	1 5	15/15	\$3.000
#3	.3	3/15	600
#2	5	5/15	1,000
#1	7	7/15	\$1,400
<u>Student</u>	<u>Classes</u>	<u>Share</u>	<u>Amount</u>

Claim Documentation

An LEA should be prepared to provide documentation on the specific costs being claimed for each student. If there are questions about an LEA's claim and its costs cannot be documented, the claim may be disqualified. Appropriate documentation starts with the IEP—services included in the claim must be specified in the IEP and tied to the child's disability-related needs and program. Additional documentation should connect each cost back to the IEP, demonstrating that it is an actual, additional cost of special education specific to the student. Examples of appropriate documentation that will help connect the IEP to the claim include, but are not limited to:

- Daily schedules: A schedule of the student's day showing where and how a student is served is
 often useful, particularly when a particular service (e.g. one-on-one aide support) is provided by
 multiple individuals over the course of the day. Staff schedules can be helpful, but they need to
 show clearly which services are being provided to whom throughout the day.
- Payroll records: A report or other record of the salary and benefits paid to an individual can
 document the amount being claimed for a service. However, a payroll record in and of itself
 does not document the service as being an actual, additional cost tied to one student's IEP.
- **Invoices:** An invoice should include not only the amount being billed, but also a description of the service or item provided.
- Worksheets: An Excel document or other worksheet is recommended when allocating a partial cost to a student. The worksheet should be clear, logical, and show the cost allocation method being used. Data on the worksheet should be supported by payroll records, schedules, or other documentation of the costs being broken out.

Calculating Aid Eligibility

The actual, additional costs of special education for a given student do not translate easily into an amount eligible for High Cost Special Education Aid, let alone what will actually be paid. In order to factor in the \$10,000 base toward eligibility and comply with the legal requirement to exclude costs funded by SPED/SAP categorical aid, Medicaid, IDEA flow-through and preschool, and other state and federal grants, the aid calculation is somewhat complex. There are three stages: Adjust Costs, Apply Threshold Criteria, and Prorate Payments. The worksheet on page 12 combines these into a step-by-step calculation; an Excel version is available at http://sfs.dpi.wi.gov/highcost-sped.

1: Adjust Costs

The adjusted costs for a student are the portion of their actual, additional costs left over after base and grant costs, SPED/SAP Aid, and Medicaid School-Based Services (SBS) reimbursements are deducted.

- Adjusted Base: The adjusted base is the lesser of two values: the base cost (\$10,000 or the
 alternate amount under specific tuition arrangements) plus any IDEA or other grant-funded
 amount, or \$30,000. This accounts for the fact that while the base toward eligibility and IDEA or
 other state and federal grants will help in reaching the \$30,000 eligibility threshold, the LEA will
 not receive any High Cost Special Education Aid funding for those costs.
- Local Costs: Aidable and non-aidable local costs are added to the adjusted base.

• **Deductions:** Two deductions are applied to the sum of the adjusted base and local costs. First, the amount of SPED/SAP Aid due to the LEA for its aidable local costs is taken away. Second, any Medicaid SBS interim fee-for-service claims for the student are subtracted.

This can be summarized as follows:

+ Local Costs Lesser of (Base Cost + Grant-Funded) or \$30,000
+ Local Costs Aidable and Non-Aidable Local Costs
- SPED/SAP Aid Deduction Aidable Local Costs × SPED/SAP Aid Proration Rate
- Medicaid Deduction Total SBS interim claims
- Total Adjusted Costs Amount carried forward to next stage

2: Apply Threshold Criteria

The law specifies that 90 percent of costs above \$30,000 are eligible for reimbursement with High Cost Special Education Aid. Determining the eligible amount in this step is fairly straightforward—subtract \$30,000 from the adjusted costs calculated in the previous stage, and take 90 percent of the result:

	Total Adjusted Costs	Result of previous stage
	\$30,000.00	Eligibility threshold
	Subtotal	
×	0.90	Eligibility percentage
	Total Eligible Costs	Amount eligible for reimbursement

3: Prorate Payments

As with SPED/SAP Aid, there is less money available for High Cost Special Education Aid than the total of eligible costs claimed by LEAs. DPI prorates the funds available among all approved claims. LEAs wishing to estimate the amount of their payment should review the proration rates from recent years and plan conservatively.

	High Cost SPED Payment	Amount to be paid
2	< Proration Rate	Estimated or actual statewide claims ÷ funds available
	Total Eligible Costs	Result of previous stage

Splitting Payments Between IDEA and State Funding

A High Cost Special Education Aid payment is usually split between IDEA discretionary funds (source 711) and state categorical aid (source 625), but it may be from only one of those sources. An LEA will not be able to estimate what that split will be. As a practical matter the distinction is unimportant—funds are receipted into Fund 27 either way. The only meaningful impact is that a district needs to code the revenue properly for its aid reconciliation in the PI-1505 Annual Report.

Payments are split for two reasons: First, the High Cost aid program is funded with a combination of federal and state money and payments need to be split for accounting purposes. Second, federal guidance on the use of IDEA discretionary funds does not allow DPI to use those funds to reimburse Medicaid-eligible costs. The actual reimbursement for any student will be at the same prorated rate of their eligible costs, regardless of the specific federal or state portions of that payment.

High Cost Special Education Aid and IDEA Maintenance of Effort

IDEA regulations (34 CFR §300.204 (e)) allow high cost aid reimbursements as an exception for IDEA Maintenance of Effort (MOE) to lower an LEA's local special education costs from one year to the next. When an LEA receives High Cost Special Education Aid it reduces the Fund 10 to Fund 27 transfer used in MOE tests 2 and 4, the "local-only" tests. If an LEA fails to meet all four MOE compliance tests, and it received High Cost Special Education Aid in the year being tested, DPI will add an administrative exception for the amount of High Cost Special Education Aid received. No exception will be added if at least one MOE compliance test is met.

Eligibility Estimation Worksheet

This worksheet duplicates the eligibility calculation for an individual student and can be used for planning purposes. An Excel version is available at http://sfs.dpi.wi.gov/highcost-sped.

Student:				
Line	Description	,	Amount	
Unad	nadjusted Actual, Additional Costs			
1	Aidable costs (project 011, or project 019 from aidable LEA)			
2	Non-aidable costs (all other project 019)	+		
3	Grant-funded costs (IDEA project 340 or other grant)	+		
4	Total Unadjusted Costs: Add lines 1 through 3			
Adjus	ted Costs			
5	Base amount (\$10,000 or alternate w/ tuition costs)			
6	Enter amount from line 3	+		
7	Add lines 5 and 6			
8	Enter the lesser of line 7 or \$30,000	-		
9	Subtract line 8 from line 7			
10	Enter amount from line 7			
11	Enter amount from line 9	-		
12	Adjusted Base: Subtract line 11 from line 10			
13	Enter amount from line 1			
14	Estimated SPED/SAP Aid proration rate	×		
15	Multiply line 13 by line 14			
16	Enter amount from line 13			
17	Enter amount from line 15	_		
18	Adjusted Aidable Costs: Subtract line 17 from line 16)			
19	Enter amount from line 2			
20	Enter amount from line 12	+		
21	Enter amount from line 18	+		
22	Subtotal Adjusted Costs: Add lines 19 through 21			
23	This student's Medicaid SBS interim claim payments	-		
24	Total Adjusted Costs: Subtract line 23 from line 22			
Eligib	le Amount and Aid Estimate			
25	Enter amount from line 24			
26	\$30,000 cost threshold	_	30,000.00	
27	Subtract line 26 from line 25			
28	90% eligibility above \$30,000	×	0.90	
29	Eligible Amount: Multiply line 27 by line 28			
30	Estimated High Cost SPED Aid proration rate	×		
31	Aid Estimate: Multiply line 29 by line 30			